

Indicate whether the following statements below are true (T) or false (F):

1. The lattice energy is increased when isolated atoms or ions come together to form solids.

F

2. A metallic solid is stabilized through metallic bonds.

F

3. The coordination number of the face centered atoms in copper, which has a face centered cubic (FCC) structure, is 12. The coordination number of 4.

F

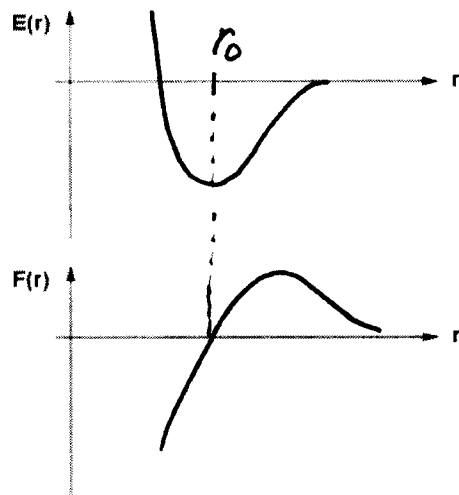
4. In polyethylene  $\sim(\text{CH}_2\text{-CH}_2)\sim$ , the C-C bonds are covalent.

T

5. In polyethylene, all C-C bond angles are approximately 109 degrees.

T

Sketch below the curves for the net potential energy  $E$  and the net bonding force  $F$  versus distance  $r$ . Clearly indicate the equilibrium interatomic spacing  $r_0$  in your plot.



Based on your knowledge on the symmetry of the  $s$  and  $p$  atomic orbitals, which type of crystal structure do you expect to form a close packed crystal structure: a metal with an  $s$  outermost shell or a metal with  $p$  outermost shell? Explain.

Spherical symmetry may facilitate close packing, but reality is more complicated.

Give short answers (maximum two sentences) to the following questions.

Are ionic crystals in general form close-packed structures? Justify your answer.

No. Close-packed structures usually require same-sized atoms. Cations & anions vary in size.

Are BCC crystal structures close-packed? Justify your answer.

No. Coordination number is 8 for BCC.

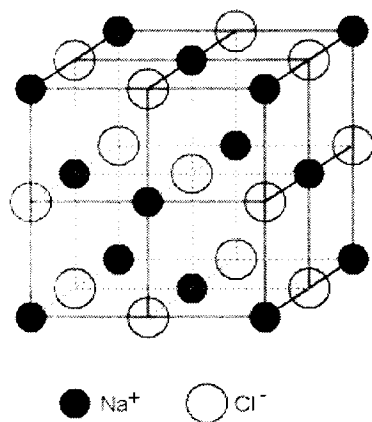
Vinyl chloride ( $C_2H_3Cl$ ) and vinyl acetate ( $C_2H_3(C_2H_3O_2)$ ) are used to form a copolymer of molecular weight of 10,520 g/mol and a degree of polymerization of 160 (total number of monomers). How many moles of vinyl chloride and vinyl acetate are needed to make one mole of the copolymer?

$$\bar{M} = \frac{10520}{160} = 65.75 \text{ g/mol}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\bar{M} &= x_i M_{VC} + (1-x_i) M_{VA} \\ &= x_i \times 62.5 + (1-x_i) \times 86 = 86 - 23.5 x_i\end{aligned}$$

$$\underline{x_i = 0.86 \text{ for VC}} \quad ; \quad \underline{1-x_i = 0.14 \text{ for VA}}$$

A unit cell of a NaCl crystal structure is shown below.



What are the coordination numbers for cations & anions in the structure?

6 & 6

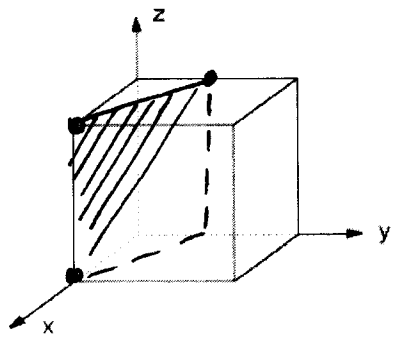
How many ions of each element belong to one unit cell?

4 each

The radii of  $\text{Na}^+$  and  $\text{Cl}^-$  are approximately 0.102 nm and 0.181 nm respectively. What is the lattice parameter of this structure?

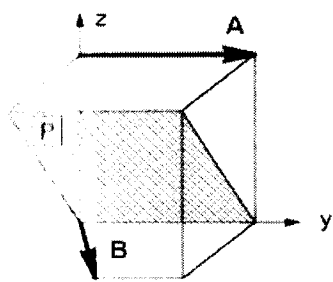
$$a = 2r_{\text{Na}^+} + 2r_{\text{Cl}^-} = 0.566 \text{ nm}$$

In the unit cell shown below, draw the points with position coordinates  $(1,0,0)$ ,  $(1,0,1)$ ,  $(0, \frac{1}{2}, 1)$ , and determine the Miller indices of the plane determined by these three points.



If the lattice constant of the unit cell above is 0.361 nm, calculate the spacing between two adjacent, parallel (100) planes.

$$d_{hkl} = \frac{a}{\sqrt{h^2 + k^2 + l^2}} = \frac{0.361}{\sqrt{4 + 4 + 0}} = 0.128 \text{ nm}$$



$A : [010]$   
 $B : [210]$   
 $P : (\bar{1}01) \text{ or } (10\bar{1})$

Draw the planes into the unit cubes corresponding to the following Miller indices:  $(120)$ , and  $(1\bar{1}0)$ .

