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INTRODUCTION

The federal government continues to fund a major portion of sponsored programs at Rensselaer, with industry and state government support also at substantial levels. Each sponsor has regulations that must be followed. At the same time, Rensselaer has its own policies affecting sponsored programs. The Guide describes the procedures to follow and the resources available to help you meet both internal and external requirements.

The Guide presents basic information about sponsored programs. If you need further guidance or interpretation or are dealing with a complex issue that requires a more detailed analysis, we encourage you to contact the Research Administration and Finance (RA&F) office for assistance.

PART I - DIVISION OF RESPONSIBILITIES

A sponsored program award supporting a specific project usually contains requirements and restrictions on the activities to be performed, expenditure of funds, and fiscal and technical reporting. Responsibility for complying with requirements is shared by the project director and administrative offices at Rensselaer.

1.1 Principal Investigator

The Principal Investigator (PI) is the individual responsible for carrying out a project as proposed. This person may also be called the Project Director or Program Director (PD). Rensselaer expects the PI to use all reasonable "best efforts" to comply with the terms, conditions, and policies of both the sponsor and Rensselaer, including timely submission of all required reports and processing of internal transactions. The PI is eligible to receive incentive allocations on research projects.

Co-Principal Investigator

Two or more individuals sharing the PI's responsibilities are called Co-Principal Investigators (Co-PIs). In general, the number of Co-PIs should be kept to a minimum. When more than two Co-PIs are involved, one person should be designated as the lead PI to serve as the technical contact with the sponsor and to authorize documents sent to the sponsor. Co-PIs share incentive allocations.

Co-Investigator

Rensselaer uses the term Co-Investigator for faculty or professional staff who perform a significant role in the project but who are not responsible for directing the project. Co-Investigators do not receive incentive allocations.

1.2 Office of Vice President for Research

The Office of the Vice President for Research provides infrastructure and research support for the development of research programs and projects. Support services are offered for faculty seeking research opportunities, research proposal and budget preparation, and guidance on research management and intellectual property policy.
1.3 Research Administration and Finance

Research Administration and Finance (RA&F) is the primary office authorized to sign and submit proposals on behalf of Rensselaer and to represent Rensselaer in the negotiation and administration of sponsored program awards.

RA&F coordinates sponsored program administration for Rensselaer, working closely with administration, faculty, and sponsors. RA&F assists in the preparation of proposals; reviews and endorses proposals and awards; negotiates appropriate award terms and conditions; and recommends and implements policies and procedures regarding sponsored programs.

RA&F also establishes expenditure funds when awards are received and is responsible for reporting expenditures to and obtaining payment from sponsors. RA&F can help you process financial transaction requests and answer questions about your monthly expenditure reports.

1.4 Other Administrative Offices

The Payroll Office handles employee and student payroll and answers questions regarding salary and wage payments. They are also responsible for time and effort reporting.

The Purchasing Department is responsible for procuring all goods and services from external vendors, including those purchased with sponsored project funds.

Small Business Procurement Services (SBPS) seeks out and identifies capable small businesses, HUBZone, disadvantaged, women-owned, veteran & service-disabled businesses and provides them opportunities to compete for services and/or commodities purchased by Rensselaer.

The Office of Property Administration is responsible for tagging new equipment and the relocation, transfer, trade-in, cannibalization, and sale of movable equipment and related component parts. Questions regarding the fabrication of specialized equipment or test facilities should be addressed to this office.

The Office of Technology and Commercialization (OTC) provides support to researchers and members of the campus community relative to intellectual property with a focus on technology commercialization.

The Office of Human Resources (HR) oversees the hiring of temporary or permanent employees on a sponsored project. Detailed information on hiring policies and procedures is contained in the Policies and Procedures for Human Resource Management at Rensselaer.

The Corporate, Foundation and International Advancement Office (CF&IA), assists in partnering Rensselaer researchers with corporations and foundations in the U.S. and abroad.

1.5 Sponsored Programs and Gifts

At Rensselaer, RA&F administers sponsored programs, and the Development Office manages gifts. The intent of the awarding agency and the legal obligation incurred by the Institute in accepting the award are the primary factors determining whether an award is a gift or a sponsored program.

Gift

A gift is a donation that is bestowed voluntarily and without expectation of any tangible compensation by the donor. Although gift funds may be designated for use by a specific unit or for a general program area, the donor has no control over the scope of work or content of publications resulting from the project for which the money was donated. Unspent funds do not have to be returned to the donor at the end of the award period, and expenditures are not generally subject to donor audit.
Sponsored Program

A sponsored grant or contract is a legally binding written agreement between the Institute and the sponsor. The sponsor may require delivery of specific items, such as technical reports, data, software, and hardware, and may want to review publications for patentable and proprietary information. It may require financial reports, return of unspent funds, and external audit.

Questions on whether funding that has been proposed or received is a gift or a sponsored program should be directed to RA&F. RA&F will discuss the status with the Corporate, Foundation and International Advancement Office (CF&IA), should the need arise.

Part II: Institutional Policies Affecting Proposals

Some situations require special review before a proposal can be submitted. In some cases supporting documentation regarding the special situation will need to be included in the proposal. Circumstances requiring special attention are outlined below. (Please refer to the Handbook for Academic Staff for guidelines regarding consulting and conflict of interest issues.)

2.1 Department, Center, and School Guidelines

Special Requirements

Your department, center, or school may have special requirements regarding salary recovery, graduate student support, secretarial support, and other matters affecting direct and indirect costs. You are responsible for following these guidelines and discussing any relevant issues with the appropriate individuals, so that potential problems are resolved before your proposal is brought to RA&F for processing.

Interdisciplinary proposals involving more than one department, center, or school must be reviewed and approved by all involved entities. Budgeting and management issues should be discussed with the appropriate chairs, directors, and deans before your proposal is processed by RA&F.

Other areas of particular concern, explained below, should be noted on the RA&F's Proposal Information Sheet, which you complete when you bring your proposal to RA&F for processing. RA&F's Proposal Approval Form will be used to obtain approval signatures for items you have checked.

New Construction or Renovation

If your project will require construction or renovation of existing facilities, discuss these needs with your chair, director, or Dean. With their approval, review your plans with Campus Planning and Facilities Design.

Space

If your project will require space in addition to what is currently assigned to you, discuss this with your chair, director or dean and obtain provisional approval.

Hiring Staff

If your project will necessitate hiring additional non-temporary personnel, discuss this with your chair, director or dean and obtain provisional approval.
Indirect Cost Waivers

Any proposal requesting less than the full, applicable indirect cost rate must be approved by the Vice President for Research prior to submission.

Cost Sharing

The tuition cost sharing policy provides for partial support of tuition for GRAs. RA&F will calculate the correct amount allowable and include in the Cost Estimate. No additional approval is required for the standard tuition cost share. Proposed cost sharing over and above the tuition should be discussed with and approved by the individuals responsible for the cost of the items being contributed.

2.2 Research Involving Human Subjects, Animals, Recombinant DNA, Radioactive or Hazardous Material

Rensselaer complies with federal regulations for the protection of human subjects, vertebrate animals, and the use of recombinant DNA molecules. Rensselaer has established institutional review boards to review and approve all research activities, both on and off campus, involving these regulations. The Principal Investigator is responsible for contacting the appropriate office and obtaining required reviews and approvals. RA&F will complete all required certifications after institutional review and approval of the individual project.

No award will be issued by sponsor until approval is received by the appropriate committee.

Human Subjects

Rensselaer’s Institutional Review Board (IRB) must review and approve any activity that will involve human subjects, including their use as respondents to questionnaires and surveys. You should contact the IRB Chair, Dr. Michael Kalsher, who can provide a suggested outline for your protocol and an informed consent form and arrange a review of your project.

Review and approval should be completed before proposal submission, unless the sponsor allows a grace period.

Indicate the date your project was approved by the IRB on RA&F’s proposal information sheet, which should be completed before processing by RA&F begins.

Vertebrate Animals

Rensselaer’s Institutional Animal Care and Use Committee (IACUC) must review and approve any activity that involves the use of vertebrate animals. You should contact the IACUC Chair, Dr. Larry Reid, or his contact person, Christopher Hubble, who can arrange a review of your project.

Most sponsors require completion of this review before proposal submission, but some allow a grace period of up to sixty days after submission.

Indicate the date your project was approved by the IACUC on RA&F’s proposal information sheet.

Recombinant DNA

Rensselaer’s Biosafety Committee must review and approve each project involving Recombinant DNA prior to proposal submission. Contact the Committee Chair, Dr. Charles Pfau, for instructions on obtaining the necessary review.
Radiation and Nuclear Safety

Rensselaer’s Office of Risk Management is responsible for the review of regulations and procedures involving all uses of radioactive materials on campus. This office must review and approve each proposal involving radioactive materials or any source of ionizing radiation. In addition, any purchases of ionizing materials or machines producing ionizing radiation must be approved by this office. To obtain the necessary information, contact the Office of Radiation and Nuclear Safety affiliated with the Office of Risk Management and Loss Prevention.

Hazardous Materials

Rensselaer's Office of Environmental Health and Safety is responsible for the review of plans for disposal of hazardous materials before any project commences. It is also responsible for laboratory occupational safety standards: training laboratory personnel in the proper use of chemicals, personal protective equipment, emergency response procedures, and material safety data sheets. The principal investigator is responsible for contacting the Office of Risk Management/OEHS to arrange for a review of plans and training personnel.

2.3 Protection of Proprietary Information

It is your responsibility to determine if your proposal contains proprietary information that you want to protect. To protect sensitive or proprietary information, you need to label the paragraphs or pages of your proposal containing that information. RA&F will also check the proposal cover page’s box regarding confidential information and will include the following statement in the cover letter:

This proposal contains proprietary information as marked, and may not be disclosed to the public beyond the normal distribution necessary for proper review and evaluation for potential finding, nor used by the sponsor for any other purpose, without the express written consent of the principal investigator.

2.4 Intellectual Property

It is Rensselaer’s Policy that title to patents and copyrights developed under sponsored programs remain with Rensselaer (see Section 6.8). Contact The Office of Technology Commercialization (OTC) for further details.

2.5 Sponsor Limitations on Proposals

A sponsor may limit the number of proposals each institution may submit to a particular program. The Vice President for Research is responsible for determining which proposals will be submitted if the limit is exceeded.

2.6 Collaboration with Other Institutions

Collaborative Proposals

A collaborative proposal is one in which investigators from two or more organizations wish to collaborate on a unified research project. Collaborative proposals may be submitted in one of two methods: as a single proposal, in which a single award is requested (with subawards administered by the lead organization); or by simultaneous submission of proposals from different organizations, with each organization requesting a separate award. In either case, the lead organization's proposal must contain all of the required sections in a single package to be provided to the sponsor.
Submission of a Single Proposal

If Rensselaer is the lead institution, the PI is responsible for obtaining the budget, institutional endorsement and any required sponsor forms from the subcontractor. The subcontractor should upload this information if electronic submission is required. If Rensselaer is a subcontractor, we will provide our information to the lead institution. The proposal should only be submitted after it is approved by each institution.

Simultaneous Submission of Proposals from Different Organizations

Simultaneous submission of proposals that contain the same project description from each organization is sometimes appropriate. If it is an NSF FastLane submission, the project title must begin with “Collaborative Research:.” The lead organization’s submission will include a proposal cover sheet, project summary, project description, references, biographical sketches, budgets, budget justification, current and pending support, and facilities, equipment and other resources for their organization. Non-lead submissions will include all of the above for their organization except the project summary, project description, and references. The following process must be completed for submission:

Each non-lead organization must assign their proposal a PIN. This proposal PIN and the temporary proposal ID generated by FastLane must be provided to the lead organization. The lead organization must then enter this information into the FastLane using the "Link Collaborative Proposals" option found on the FastLane “Form Preparation” screen. This linking process must be completed prior to submission of the lead and non-lead proposals.

Part III: Preparing a Proposal

3.1 Identifying Funding Sources

Sources of project support include federal, state, and local government agencies, private industry, private foundations, and non-profit agencies.

The Office of the Vice President for Research can also assist in locating funding opportunities.

3.2 Types of Proposals

All proposals that call for institutional endorsement or commitments must be submitted through RA&F.

The two common types of proposals are solicited and unsolicited.

Unsolicited

Unsolicited proposals are not submitted in response to a specific announcement or request. Although the sponsor may provide guidelines for proposal format, the PI determines the scope of work. The sponsor may accept unsolicited proposals at any time or may specify target dates by which proposals must be submitted to be included in a review cycle.

Solicited

Solicited proposals are submitted in response to a specific sponsor announcement which outlines project requirements and deliverables. Solicitations may be in the form of a Request for Proposal (RFP), Request for Quotation (RFQ) or Broad Agency Announcement (BAA). The solicitation may
describe general areas of research for which proposals are being accepted or may specify the scope of work and the level of funding available.

RA&F needs to review the solicitation for:

Instructions on proposal content and format  
Budget guidelines, proposed contract terms and conditions.

Terms and conditions specified in the solicitation are part of your proposal and will be incorporated into any resultant contract. Occasionally, legal review of these terms will be necessary and if any terms are unacceptable to the Institute, RA&F must notify the sponsor when the proposal is submitted.

3.3 Preliminary Proposal

A sponsor sometimes requests a preliminary proposal so it can determine if there is sufficient interest in the area of research to warrant submission of a formal proposal. Pre-proposals may include a brief overview of the research problem and methodology, a list of project personnel, and sometimes an informal budget estimate.

Since sponsors may hold a subsequent award to the funding level suggested in your preliminary proposal, we highly recommend that you review preliminary budget estimates with RA&F to make sure proper rates for salaries, tuition, fringe benefits, and indirect costs are used.

You do not have to submit a preliminary proposal through RA&F, unless it requires specific institutional endorsement or includes institutional commitments. However, once a pre-proposal is submitted, a copy should be forwarded to RA&F for information purposes. If you are not sure if a proposal should be submitted through RA&F, please contact us so we can determine the appropriate action.

If a pre-proposal results in an award, appropriate Institute approvals will need to be obtained before the award can be accepted.

3.4 Deadlines

PLEASE allow a minimum of seven working days for RA&F to process your proposal. We process many proposals each week and need time to prepare each one correctly. The complexity of your proposal and the volume of others being handled at the same time will affect processing time.

If a proposal requires electronic submission, all files to be uploaded must be received one day prior to proposal deadline.

3.5 Basic Parts of a Proposal

Many sponsors provide proposal forms and specify proposal format in either a general proposal guide or in a specific solicitation. These guidelines are usually available from RA&F.

You will find that most sponsors want proposals to contain the following sections:

- Cover Letter - Prepared by RA&F in order to transmit the proposal
- Cover Page - Contains summary information & Endorsing signatures prepared by RA&F
- Table of Contents - Lists proposal sections and should be prepared by PI (or RA&F if final text is provided one day prior to submission)
• Project Summary - Self-contained description of project provided by PI
• Narrative Text - Statement of Work and detailed technical description provided by PI
• References - Literature Citations provided by PI
• Biographical Sketch - Provided by PI according to sponsor guidelines
• Budget - Cost Estimate - RA&F (based on information supplied by PI)
• Budget Justification - Explanation of budget items supplied by PI
• Subcontracts - PI should provide Cost Estimate, Work Statement and Organizational Commitment
• Current and Pending Support - Lists PI's proposals and awards from external sources provided by RA&F and should be reviewed by PI

Sponsor Forms

Proposals must use the forms or formats required by the sponsor. If the sponsor does not provide forms, RA&F will prepare a cover page and budget using our standard format.

Institutional Certifications

The federal government requires us to submit a number of institutional assurances and certifications. RA&F prepares any/all required documents regarding:

• Lobbying
• Debarment and Suspension
• Misconduct in Science
• Non-Delinquency of Federal Debt
• Drug-free Workplace
• Affirmative Action
• Veterans, Disabled Veterans and Veterans of the Vietnam Era

Other Requirements

Sometimes sponsors may require your proposal to include representations about your project, subcontracting plans, project spending plans, milestone charts, etc. RA&F will assist you in completing these documents.

Proposals submitted to the government which will result in the award of a contract that is expected to exceed $500,000 ($1,000,000 for construction), require that Rensselaer submit a subcontracting plan. If Rensselaer fails to negotiate a subcontracting plan acceptable to the contracting officer within the time limit prescribed, Rensselaer may be ineligible for award. Principal Investigators, or designated members of their staff, must contact RA&F and the Office of Small Business Procurement Services (SBPS) for assistance in developing subcontracting plans. The department submitting the proposal must participate in setting goals and in the attainment of goals should the proposal become an award. The PI or his/her designate will be required to initial the Subcontracting Plan indicating agreement with the plan and willingness to work toward meeting plan goals.
Any required institutional assurances regarding human subjects, vertebrate animals, biohazards, radioactive materials, and recombinant DNA will be completed by RA&F after the PI obtains approval of the appropriate Institute review committee (see Section 2.2).

3.6 The Budget

Definition of Direct and Indirect Costs

Rensselaer seeks to recover the full cost of sponsored research, including both direct and indirect costs, from the sponsor. Only in this manner is Rensselaer able to use its other resources to support teaching and related activities.

Direct Charges

Direct Charges are directly attributable and chargeable to a specific sponsored project or activity. Direct Charging must be allowable by the sponsor and Rensselaer.

Indirect Costs

Indirect Costs are costs that are incurred by the Institute in general support and management of research, where these costs are not directly attributable to a specific project or activity. Indirect costs include depreciation of buildings and equipment, operation and maintenance (including utilities), departmental and general administrative research support, and the library.

Rates

Rensselaer's standard indirect cost rates are negotiated with the Office of Naval Research. The four rates are:

- Research, on-campus
- Research, off-campus
- Education and training, on-campus
- Education and training, off-campus

In determining which indirect cost rate to use, the following guidelines should be followed:

The educational rate should be used only when the primary focus of the work is for curriculum or classroom development. The research rate applies to all other sponsored research.

The off-campus rate should be used when more than 50% of the work, and the cost associated with that work, is being performed at a facility other than on the Rensselaer campus. The on-campus rate applies to all other sponsored research.

Rates usually change each July 1 with the start of the fiscal year but sometimes they are approved for multiple years. Please call RA&F to obtain the current rates or go to our Rates Section on our website.

MTDC Base

Indirect costs are calculated by applying the appropriate rate to a modified total direct cost (MTDC) base. The MTDC base consists of all direct costs, excluding:
- Capital expenditures (equipment, building alterations and renovations)
- Scholarships
- Tuition
- Computer usage
- Participant support
- Costs in excess of $25,000 for each subcontract

**Description of Budget Categories**

Basic budget categories are explained below. If you provide the information highlighted in each section to RA&F, we will be able to prepare budgets and complete sponsor budget forms for you. Familiarity with Rensselaer’s accounting system will help you to budget costs appropriately.

**Personnel**

You must provide RA&F an estimate of the percentage of time each person will work on the project.

Included under personnel are payroll charges for any Rensselaer employee or student working on the project. All personnel costs must conform to sponsor guidelines and restrictions. Department and school guidelines should also be followed.

Faculty with academic appointments may request a portion of their 9-month academic-year salary and up to 12 weeks of summer supplemental salary, depending upon sponsor guidelines.

Other Professional Staff with calendar-year appointments may recover the applicable portion of their 12-month salary.

Full-time Graduate Student support includes:

- Tuition
- Calendar Year

Undergraduate Students are paid on an hourly basis as needed.

**Fringe Benefits**

RA&F will calculate fringe benefits for you. Fringe benefits are computed as a percentage of salaries and wages, less student compensation, regardless of the specific benefits received by the individuals listed.

Fringe benefits cover the costs for insurance (health, unemployment, life, long-term disability), FICA, workman's compensation, pension, and scholarships for employee dependents.

Rensselaer is required to use the fringe benefit rate that is negotiated annually with the federal government. Rates usually change each July 1, with the start of the fiscal year. Please call RA&F to obtain the current rate or go to our Rates Section on our website.

**Equipment**
You need to provide the name or description of and estimated cost for each equipment item you wish to purchase with sponsored funds.

Equipment is defined as any item having an acquisition value of at least $1,500 and a life expectancy of at least one year. Components under $1,500 may be considered equipment if they are purchased to fabricate specialty equipment or systems or to significantly upgrade an existing piece of equipment.

Equipment requested from the sponsor must be necessary for the project and must not be currently available for your use at Rensselaer. All equipment requests are subject to sponsor guidelines, and most sponsors do not allow the purchase of general purpose equipment, such as office equipment.

Travel

You need to specify whether the travel is domestic or foreign and the amounts needed for each.

Many sponsors also want to know the destination and purpose of the trip or the name of the meeting you want to attend. Some sponsors also require the number of travelers, number of days, airfare, and per-diem costs for each trip planned.

Participant Costs

Provide an estimate of participant costs, by category.

This Rensselaer budget category refers to the costs of transportation, per diem, stipends, registration fees, and other related costs for non-Rensselaer participants or trainees, in connection with sponsored conferences, meetings, symposia, training activities and/or workshops. There may be some restrictions associated with support for local participants.

Other Direct Costs

Provide the information described below, as appropriate.

Materials and Supplies

Indicate the categories required (glassware, chemicals, etc.) and the estimated cost for each category.

Publications

Estimate the cost of documenting, preparing, publishing, disseminating, and sharing research findings.

Consultant Services

Consultants are individuals providing technical assistance who are not Rensselaer employees. Your estimate of the cost for the consultant may include payment for professional services, up to the sponsor's maximum allowable rate, and related costs such as per diem and travel. The individual's expertise and the need for obtaining his or her services should be described in the proposal narrative.

Computer Facility Fees

Estimate the cost for use of Rensselaer's computing facilities, based on the rates for the specific facility you plan to use. Some sponsors will request a copy of the facility's published rates.
Subcontracts

List the name of the subcontracting institution and its total project costs (including direct and indirect costs). The subcontracting institution should provide us a detailed budget and an organizational letter of endorsement, which are incorporated into Rensselaer's proposal to the sponsor.

Communications

Provide an estimate of charges for postage, telephone, and fax usage.

Other

This includes items such as machine shop services, maintenance and service contracts, sample analysis, and facilities usage fees.

Indirect Costs

RA&F will calculate the correct amount of indirect costs using the appropriate rate.

Budget Justification

You must be able to fully document and justify the amounts requested in each category of your budget.

This documentation can be in your text or in a separate section following the budget. The amount of detail required will vary by sponsor. Items for which sponsors frequently request explanation are secretarial, equipment, travel, materials, subcontracting, and computer time.

RA&F will contact you if the sponsor requests additional budget justification after the proposal is submitted.

3.7 Cost Sharing

Rensselaer or external resources that are provided under special circumstances to supplement research grants and contracts are considered cost sharing. There are two (2) circumstances under which cost sharing will be provided:

- Cost sharing is required by the agency (mandatory).
- Cost sharing will significantly enhance the probability of funding in a research area or program of high strategic priority to Rensselaer (voluntary).

Definitions

Appropriated

Cost Sharing of Rensselaer funds is defined by the federal government as a cash contribution. All costs which are allowable as a direct charge by the government can be cost shared. All cash contributions made by Rensselaer are transferred into the research fund and include related fringe benefits and indirect costs.
Non-Appropriated

Contributions made by Rensselaer or outside sources toward a research project which are maintained in separate accounts and there is no transfer of funds.

In-Kind

Non cash contributions by third parties, such as donation of space, services, or equipment, which are not expenditures incurred by Rensselaer and where the outside party is responsible for determining the value of their donation, are in-kind contributions. Documentation from the donor, usually in the form of a signed letter, is necessary in order for Rensselaer to include in-kind costs sharing on a project.

Tuition

Rensselaer has instituted a Tuition Cost Share Policy which provides a commitment of 35% toward the total cost of the graduate student tuition on all proposals which are charged at federally approved indirect cost rates. Tuition cost sharing for programs paying less than full indirect costs will be prorated accordingly. RA&F will ensure that the appropriate amount of cost sharing is included in your proposal.

Additional Cost Sharing

If additional cost sharing is required above the tuition waiver, cost sharing must be requested (and routed) through your department, school, and either the Office of Research or the Provost. The current guidelines allow for a split of these commitments as follows: Department and School (30%), Office of Research/Provost's Office (70%).

Rensselaer Donations

Cost sharing can be supplied from other Rensselaer resources where no funds are transferred to the research project. Such contributions are usually the donation of the PI's time, or other salaries, tuition or other direct costs and include all applicable fringe benefits and indirect costs.

Unrecovered Indirect Costs

Indirect Costs are a requirement for all sponsored projects and must be paid at the rate set by the federal government. There are instances when the sponsor will not pay the full indirect costs for a project Rensselaer must contribute the unrecovered portion toward the full cost of the project. Any reduction in indirect costs done on a voluntary basis (i.e., sponsor will pay but PI requests waiver), is regarded as a cash contribution and must be met by Rensselaer funds.

Outside Donations

Awards from outside organizations such as corporations and foundations, where Rensselaer controls expenditure of these funds, can be utilized as part of Rensselaer's contribution or match to a sponsor. Such contributions are setup in separate funds and are not appropriated. Outside organizations can also provide support on an in-kind basis, (i.e., donation of time or services).

Approvals

All cost sharing requirements, except for the tuition waiver, must be discussed with your chair or director, dean, and in some instances, the Provost or Vice President for Research before you forward
your proposal to RA&F. All waivers of indirect costs are approved by the Vice President for Research. Approval signatures are obtained during the circulation process for all cost sharing commitments.

**Reporting**

All cost sharing, whether appropriated or non-appropriated, included in proposals becomes committed cost sharing once the award is made by the sponsor. The cost sharing will become a condition of the award and must be tracked and verified.

**3.8 Purchasing Assistance**

We encourage you to contact the Purchasing Department if your proposal requests significant funding for equipment, supplies, or services. Purchasing can determine whether your planned purchases will be subject to bid requirements or can be justified as sole or single source to a particular vendor. They can also help you negotiate the best price and delivery and payment terms.

It is important to remember that all purchases must follow Rensselaer’s Procurement Guidelines, regardless of whether your proposal budget listed specific manufacturers or model numbers.

If your proposal requires a subcontracting plan outlining planned purchases from small or minority businesses, Small Business Procurement Services (SBPS) will help you identify available sources and prepare the plan document.

**Part IV: Proposal Approval Process**

All proposals that require institutional endorsement or commitments must be submitted through RA&F. The processes of proposal preparation, circulation, and submission to the sponsor are described in the following sections.

**4.1 Deadlines**

PLEASE allow a minimum of seven working days for RA&F to process your proposal. We process many proposals each week and need time to prepare each one correctly. The complexity of your proposal and the volume of others being handled at the same time will affect processing time.

If a proposal requires electronic submission, all files to be uploaded must be received one day prior to proposal deadline.

**4.2 Form Completion**

RA&F completes sponsor-required forms or prepares generic versions of these sections of the proposal:

- cover letter
- cover page
- budget forms
- assurances, and representations and certifications.
- RA&F will also complete the Table of Contents if the text is provided well in advance of the deadline.
You are responsible for completing technical information requested on forms.

4.3 Circulation Package

Once your budget has been finalized and all issues resolved, RA&F prepares and circulates a proposal packet to the individuals whose approval is required before the proposal can be endorsed by RA&F and submitted to the sponsor. Included in the proposal circulation packet are:

A complete copy of the proposal, including the technical narrative. Proposals may be circulated with a draft of the text if the final text is not finished. However, we need the final text several days before the proposal will be shipped to allow time for copying.

A Proposal Approval Form (blue), an RA&F form used to obtain approval signatures. An explanation of required approval signatures follows in Section 4.4.

All sponsor forms requiring signatures of PIs, chairs or center directors, deans, or other offices. It is the responsibility of the PI to circulate the proposal and obtain the necessary approvals and return to RA&F. If there is ample time to meet the deadline, the proposal can be circulated in campus mail.

4.4 Required Signatures

Each signature required on the Proposal Approval Form signifies Rensselaer's approval of some aspect of the proposed project.

RA&F

RA&F signs the Proposal Approval Form before other campus signatures are obtained to signify that we have reviewed your proposal to ensure that it meets the standard requirements of your department, school, and the Institute, and complies with sponsor guidelines.

RA&F also signs the proposal cover letter, cover page, and any other required forms in the proposal after all campus approvals have been obtained on the Proposal Approval Form and all corrections have been made. This signifies to the sponsor that Rensselaer endorses the proposal and will assume responsibility for it if an award is made.

PI(s)

Each PI is required to sign the Proposal Approval Form, the Proposal Cover Sheet, and any other required sponsor forms. Your signature indicates acceptance of commitments made to the Institute and the sponsor.

Changes or Corrections

During the circulation process, the PI should review all documents contained in the proposal and verify (by signature on the Proposal Approval Form) that the proposal is ready for submission to the sponsor. The proposal copy contained in the circulation package is not used to produce the copies to be submitted to the sponsor. RA&F retains the original version of the text which will be used to produce the necessary copies to be submitted to the sponsor. Therefore, if changes are required, they should be clearly marked in the proposal copy and a notation placed on the front page to indicate that changes have been made. If it is necessary to replace the text (either in its entirety or individual pages), please do not insert it into the proposal copy but include it as a separate document clearly marked as the "final" version.
Dept. Chair(s) or Center Director(s)

The department chair or center director for each PI is required to sign the Proposal Approval Form.

His or her signature indicates that your proposed project fits the goals and philosophy of the department/center, and that any resources promised by the department or center, including cost sharing, space, and personnel, will be provided.

Dean(s)

The dean of each PI's school is required to sign the Proposal Approval Form.

The dean's signature indicates approval of the proposal commitments, that your proposed project fits the goals and philosophy of the school, and that any additional resources promised by the school will be provided.

VP for Research (and/or) the Provost

The VP for Research (and/or) the Provost's signature on the Proposal Approval Form is required when Institute cost sharing or other special circumstances must be approved.

Other

Sponsor forms may require the signatures of additional individuals, such as the Chief Executive Officer or Chief Financial Officer. RA&F will obtain these signatures for you.

4.5 Copying, Shipping, and Internal Distribution

When the proposal is finalized and all internal approvals have been obtained, RA&F signs the proposal on behalf of the Institute.

Copying

RA&F will duplicate the number of proposal copies required by the sponsor. The PI must provide the necessary number of copies of any lengthy appendices, photographs, or reprints. If the sponsor requires special covers, folders, section tabs, or special binding, you will need to provide them.

Shipping

RA&F will package the proposal, ship it to the sponsor, and pay regular first-class mailing charges. We will also arrange for shipping by Federal Express, UPS, Express Mail, or Priority Mail. Your department or center will be charged for this cost.

If your proposal is submitted to RA&F too late for us to complete within normal business hours, you are responsible for arranging copying and shipping.
Distribution

In the case of electronic submission (primarily NSF Fastlane), a copy of the proposal is available to the PI on-line; RA&F will send a complete copy of the proposal to each PI, and select portions of the proposal to the appropriate chair(s), director(s) and dean(s).

We will also send a courtesy copy of the complete proposal to your technical monitor, if you request it and provide the address.

4.6 Electronic Submission

Electronic submission of proposals is now required or recommended by several sponsors. This submission process is more time consuming than conventional methods and technical difficulties can further delay the process. We strongly encourage final submission of these proposals at least one day prior to the deadline. If RA&F uploads files for electronic submission, we require (any files and all documents to be scanned must be sent to us no later than one (1) working day prior to the deadline).

The National Science Foundation currently requires electronic submission of all proposals (including subcontracts), supplemental funding requests and project reports through their Fastlane system. Please contact RA&F to become a Fastlane user and obtain a password. A grants reviewer will arrange a time for further assistance in using the Fastlane (or) detailed instruction is available at NSF’s site.

4.7 Declines, Withdrawals, Revisions, Audits

Corrections

If it is necessary to make changes or corrections after your proposal has been submitted to the sponsor, please contact RA&F to coordinate such efforts.

If it is necessary for RA&F to submit additional information to the sponsor, we recommend waiting until after we have received a Reference Number.

Revisions

A sponsor will often request changes to the scope of work or the budget prior to issuing an award. Formal revisions must be submitted through RA&F, since sponsors require the Institutional endorsement of any changes.

Preaward Audits

A preaward audit may be conducted by the sponsor if the award will be a federally funded contract over $500,000. A sponsor may also require a preaward audit for certain special projects. In a preaward audit the sponsor requires us to verify all proposed costs before an award will be made.

Withdrawals

Proposals can be withdrawn from a sponsor at the PI's request or, in unusual circumstances, at the request of the Institute.
Declinations

RA&F will inform the PI if we are notified by the sponsor that a proposal has been declined. Please let RA&F know if the sponsor informs you that your proposal has been declined, so we can update our records.

Several times a year RA&F sends notices to PIs requesting a status update on each pending proposal. Unless you know your proposal is still under consideration by the sponsor, or is going to be funded, your proposal will be inactivated after one year. This is an RA&F designation for internal purposes only and does not affect the sponsor.

RA&F keeps a proposal for one year after it has been declined, withdrawn, or inactivated.

Part V: Awards

5.1 Signature Authority

Acceptance of a grant or contract obligates the Institute to perform a specific project, report its findings, and adhere to its specific terms and conditions.

RA&F is the primary office authorized to accept and sign sponsored project awards on behalf of the Institute. PIs are not authorized to sign agreements committing Rensselaer.

5.2 Types of Awards

The most common types of awards are grants, contracts, and cooperative agreements. All award types establish a contractual relationship between Rensselaer and the sponsor that obligates Rensselaer to use funds for the purpose stated in the award and to comply with award conditions.

Grant

Grants usually support basic research or training. The PI determines the scope of work, and the work description is written in broad, flexible terms. The sponsor's terms and conditions may be quite flexible. Most grants are paid on a cost reimbursement basis, with any unspent funds reverting to the sponsor.

Contract

Contracts are procurement instruments in which the sponsor purchases a tangible end product or deliverable, and the scope of work is clearly defined. Payment terms may be cost reimbursement, fixed rate, or fixed price. Contracts often require negotiation to obtain acceptable terms and conditions. Many industries use purchase orders when issuing contracts.

Cooperative Agreement

In a cooperative agreement, accomplishment of the project objectives requires the sponsor to be substantially involved in technical or management aspects of the project. Award language establishes the responsibilities of each party.

5.3 Award Receipt
Most sponsors mail award documents directly to RA&F, and RA&F initiates award review and fund establishment. If you or your department receives the original copy of the award, it is important for you to forward original documents to RA&F, so the award process can begin.

5.4 Negotiation

RA&F reviews the provisions of each award for consistency with the proposal and Institute policies. RA&F is responsible for negotiating the terms and conditions of the agreement with the sponsor and coordinating these negotiations with the PI and, when appropriate, legal counsel and other Institute officials.

Before an award is issued, informal negotiations between the PI and the sponsor's program official may take place regarding issues such as the scope of work, project objectives, or budget. PIs are cautioned not to negotiate other matters, since conflicts with institutional policy may develop that make subsequent negotiations difficult. Negotiations conducted without RA&F involvement are unofficial and not binding and should be carefully explained as such to sponsors.

RA&F considers a number of criteria when judging the acceptability of an award. Major issues are discussed below:

Classified Research

Rensselaer's policy is to accept only those sponsored programs that enhance the educational process and allow project results to be published in the open literature within a reasonable time period. In general, government classified research which results in classified output is not accepted by the Institute. Faculty and staff are not precluded by this policy from access to classified materials necessary to their work.

Publications

Sponsored program results, such as theses and technical papers, must be publishable in the open literature within a reasonable time period. Therefore, restrictions on disclosure of research results are unacceptable. Short periods for review of research results may be allowed in order to protect proprietary information, patents, and copyrights.

Intellectual Property

It is Rensselaer's policy that title to patents and copyrights developed under sponsored programs remain with Rensselaer. Contact The Office of Technology Commercialization (OTC) for further details.

Proprietary Information Furnished by Sponsors

The acceptance of proprietary or confidential information belonging to a sponsor is discouraged, because it can limit the free use of information and data by faculty, students, and staff.

However, if a research project is considered highly desirable by the Institute, proprietary information may be received if certain conditions are met and the Institute retains freedom to publish. These include:

Rensselaer's obligation to maintain confidentiality generally should not extend more than three years beyond the termination of the agreement.
Information may be disclosed to those within the Institute who are engaged in the conduct of the research.

Rensselaer and all others authorized to have access to the information shall be released from any obligation of confidence when such information becomes public domain, is known to the Institute prior to disclosure by the sponsor, is independently developed by the Institute, is furnished to Rensselaer by a third party not restricted from disclosure by the sponsor.

Proprietary information must be marked and designated in writing as confidential. The PI must be able to refuse such information. Most sponsors will require those individuals having access to the information to sign a confidentiality agreement.

**Termination for Default**

Rensselaer conducts sponsored programs on a "best efforts" basis. Therefore, Rensselaer does not accept termination for default or cause clauses which contain penalties.

**Warranties and Inspections**

Because Rensselaer conducts projects on a "best efforts" basis, the Institute does not extend warranties for performance, deliverables, or products to the sponsor or any third parties.

Rensselaer will accept inspection clauses that allow the sponsor to inspect and evaluate the work and the premises where the project is being performed, during normal business hours. We will not accept inspection clauses that can result in rejection of the work, require corrective action by Rensselaer, or hold the Institute liable for any additional costs incurred by the sponsor.

**Insurance and Indemnification**

Rensselaer will accept responsibility for the actions and activities of its employees during the conduct of a sponsored project. Rensselaer will indemnify or hold sponsors harmless for acts of omission of Rensselaer and its employees, but not the sponsor and its employees, or any other third parties.

**Long Term Obligations**

Sponsors may want contract terms, particularly those concerning intellectual property, indemnification, and confidentiality, to extend beyond the contract termination date. Rensselaer tries to keep such obligations to a reasonable length of time appropriate for the project. The common exception is the requirement to keep records available for audit.

**5.5 Award Approvals**

RA&F circulates the award to those individuals who must approve acceptance by RA&F. Circumstances requiring approval are:

- **PI(s)**

RA&F requires PIs to approve all award actions before Rensselaer accepts them.

- **Legal**

Legal counsel reviews and approves agreements upon request by RA&F. Legal counsel is sought if conduct of projects may expose the Institute to financial or legal risk.
Finance

The Director reviews any non-standard payment terms in agreements. Standard payment terms would be those payments or draws which were agreed upon in the award as being paid or drawn either monthly, quarterly or in advance. Any payment term outside of those scenarios would be considered non-standard and would require review.

Risk

Review by the Office of Risk Management is necessary when agreements specify unusual types of insurance or indemnification provisions. Risk Management provides a certificate of insurance to sponsors who require one.

Other

If the necessary Institute approvals were not obtained at the proposal stage, they will be obtained when the award is circulated.

The agreement circulation package usually consists of:

- Agreement Approval Form (blue), which summarizes the award period, funded amount, and cost sharing. RA&F will note the approval signatures needed.
- Project Director Information Sheet (pink), which summarizes sponsor terms and conditions, including reporting requirements and budget guidelines, particularly regarding travel and equipment. Any information needed from the PI, such as a budget/revised budget, will be noted.
- Copy of the Award document
- Budget (with any necessary changes noted)

5.6 Establishing a Project Fund

Rensselaer establishes a fund (previously called "account") for each sponsored program award. Expenditures are charged to the fund by the PI or authorized individual. This structure enables tracking and reporting of expenditures for each individual award. RA&F assigns a fund number, using an unallocated budget at this stage, and notifies you of the fund number. Once you receive the fund number, you can charge appropriate expenditures to it.

5.7 Establishing a Fund before Award Receipt

Rensselaer discourages establishing a project fund number before an award is received, since expenditures incurred before award receipt are made at the Institute's risk.

However, if effective and economical conduct of the project necessitates incurring expenditures prior to receipt of the award, the policy is as follows:

Principal Investigators should contact RA&F to initiate a preliminary fund. RA&F will minimize the Institute's risk by verifying the anticipated award amount and performance period with the sponsor. Together with the appropriate department chair or center director, you as a portfolio owner are now
required to agree in writing to cover any expenditures, should the award ultimately not be made, the anticipated start date change, or costs not be allowable. You are authorized to approve the lesser of 1) spending up to $150,000; 2) 25 percent of the award amount, if the award represents matching funds related to a Federal grant or 3) 15 percent of the award amount. Under extraordinary circumstances and upon written request, the President may consider and authorize expenditures prior to receipt of an award in excess of $150,000. The Assistant Vice President for Finance & Controller will countersign your (or in extraordinary circumstances, the President's) approval and ensure that spending limits are not exceeded. This policy is effective as of April 8, 2002.

5.8 Pre-award Costs

Pre-award costs are expenditures that are incurred before the official start date of the project.

Several federal sponsors have given us expanded authorities for research grants, which allow us to approve pre-award costs up to 90 days prior to the effective date of the award. Pre-award costs for other awards usually must be approved in writing by the sponsor (see the Prior Approval Summary).

If you require pre-award costs, please contact RA&F for assistance.

5.9 Understanding Fund Numbers in BANNER

Rensselaer has two pools of income: unrestricted funds that the Institute can budget and spend without externally imposed restrictions, and restricted funds, which are restricted to the use specified by the sponsor or donor. The restricted pool includes all sponsored programs administered by RA&F, as well as gift, financial aid, and endowment income.

BANNER

Rensselaer's computerized Financial Accounting and Information Management System is known as BANNER. Account numbers assigned to awards are called FOAPALS, an acronym that represents the six elements of the BANNER accounting structure: Fund, Organization, Account, Program, Activity and Location.

Fund Numbers

The fund element is a unique six-digit code assigned to each project. This is the number you will use internally to charge expenditures to your project.

Sponsored program funds begin with either A or B, with A signifying research and B signifying training. The second digit defines the type of sponsor supporting the project.

Sponsored research programs are identified as follows:

- A1: Federal government sponsored research
- A3: Federal government flow-through sponsored research (Rensselaer is funded by an entity whose funds come from the federal government)
- A5: New York state government sponsored research
- A7: Corporate sponsored research
- A9: Other sponsored research

Other sponsored programs (education, training, fellowships, workshops) are identified as:

- B1: Federal sponsored program
- B3: Federal government flow-through sponsored program.
• B5: New York state government sponsored program
• B7: Corporate sponsored program
• B9: Other sponsored programs

A sample fund number for an NSF research project would be A15555. A sample fund number for an NSF training project would be B15555. A sample fund number for a research project sponsored by General Electric would be A75555.

Restricted fund numbers beginning with F (Financial Aid), G (Gifts), or Y (Endowment Income) are not administered by RA&F.

Grant Numbers

Grant numbers assigned to each fund are used by RA&F to obtain financial reporting information. This number is referenced in BANNER on-line and in printed reports.

A grant can contain either one fund or multiple funds. The grant consists of one fund if the total amount of the award is contained in that single fund. The grant consists of multiple funds when the award amount is divided into more than one fund, such as with master/subs.

Part VI: Award Administration

6.1 Financial Management

Monitoring Expenses

The PI is responsible for controlling expenditures and remaining within the budget awarded by the sponsor. The accuracy of both the budget and expenditure information is the responsibility of the principal investigator. Any corrections should be directed to the appropriate office as noted below. Expenditures over the budget and for disallowed costs are strongly discouraged, as they will ultimately become a department or center responsibility.

Assistance

You should check your expenditure information regularly. If changes or corrections are necessary, contact the appropriate office:

The Payroll Office will handle payroll corrections. Unless there was an input error, corrections require revised payroll distribution forms.

The Purchasing Department will handle changes to purchase orders or requisitions.

Financial Transaction Requests to transfer expenditures other than payroll and tuition can be sent to RA&F. This office is also responsible for Rensselaer's sponsored program accounting including invoicing sponsors, preparing financial reports, and coordinating sponsored program audits.
6.2 Revisions

The PI and the Institute are both responsible for adhering to the conditions of the sponsored agreement and obtaining required Prior Approvals for changes. The most common changes needed are:

- Re-budgeting within the approved budget
- Purchase of equipment or foreign travel not in the approved budget
- Change in PI or other significant personnel or level of effort
- No-cost extension of the project period
- If Revisions are necessary, please contact RA&F for Assistance. Changes in scope of work, key personnel, or level of effort must always be approved by the sponsor.

Prior Approval

Many federal agencies have granted Rensselaer, through its office of Research Administration & Finance, expanded authorities to approve preaward costs, no-cost extensions, and most rebudgeting without obtaining sponsor approval (see Prior Approval Procedures and Prior Approvals Summary).

6.3 Personnel

Hiring Approval

If a project requires personnel who are not current Rensselaer employees, the PI should discuss staffing needs with the department chair or center director. The dean of the appropriate school must approve hiring of all new faculty, research associates, postdoctoral associates, graduate students, and technical staff before Human Resources initiates the recruitment process.

6.4 Travel

The Institute's Travel and Expense Reimbursement Policy provides guidelines for the accounting and reporting of travel and other business expenses. Please consult the policy for details regarding travel advances and expense reporting.

In general, the Institute will reimburse employees for reasonable expenditures incurred while traveling on Institute business.

Foreign travel may require sponsor approval, even when the funds for such travel were listed in the approved budget. You should contact RA&F if you have any questions about what is required under a specific agreement. Except in extraordinary circumstances, all air transportation must be on a U.S. flag carrier.

6.5 Purchasing

Rensselaer must conform to federal procurement standards in order to maintain its flow of federal research funding. Applicable federal guidelines must be applied to all purchases regardless of the funding source.

The Purchasing Department is responsible for ensuring that adequate competition is sought, that prices are fair and reasonable, and that supporting documentation is maintained. Purchasing will help
you negotiate the best terms for your purchases. They will also help you locate small and minority businesses and complete subcontracting reports.

The Purchasing Policies and Procedures Manual contains detailed information about supplier selection, procurement procedures, special procurements, and sample forms.

6.6 Property

Equipment Tags

The Office of Property Administration assigns a control number and tags all equipment (moveable assets over $1,500) at Rensselaer, regardless of whether ownership belongs to Rensselaer or the sponsor. Property records are maintained for all tagged items.

Property Administration should be notified promptly when property is purchased, altered or modified in any way, incorporated into another piece of equipment, or lost or stolen, so that records are kept up to date. This includes special equipment fabricated with labor or materials charged to a sponsored project.

Property Administration is responsible for tagging and maintaining the inventory for all equipment purchased or acquired for use under sponsored projects. Disposition of all Rensselaer owned equipment is handled through Property Administration. In some cases, title to equipment purchased or acquired for sponsored research activities will be vested in the government. RA&F maintains the inventory for such equipment and each item is tagged as Government Property. Disposition of government-owned items is the responsibility of RA&F and will be accomplished at project termination.

6.7 Subcontracts and Consultants

Subcontracts

A subcontract is necessary when Rensselaer requests another organization to perform a significant portion of the work under a sponsored award. Sponsor approval to enter into a subcontract is usually required, unless approved in the award.

RA&F is responsible for preparing and executing all subcontracts related to sponsored programs. RA&F will send a notice to the PI to obtain the information needed to prepare the subcontract.

A subcontract must incorporate all terms and conditions required by the prime grant or contract. A subcontractor is not authorized to begin work until a subcontract has been fully executed by an authorized representative from Rensselaer and the subcontracting organization.

All subcontract invoices are submitted through RA&F for payment.

Consultants

The services of an individual who is not an employee of Rensselaer, is sometimes needed to perform a portion of the work under a sponsored award.

If Rensselaer has the right to control and direct the individual with regard to the result to be accomplished, but not the process by which the result is accomplished, the individual will either be classified as an independent contractor or consultant.

Before an individual can be paid as an independent contractor or consultant, the Office of Human Resources must review a description of the services to be performed to determine whether the individual should be considered an employee, or an independent contractor or consultant (see
Rensselaer's Independent Contractor or Consultant Policy. This review is essential to make sure the individual is properly classified according to federal regulations.

Sponsor approval is generally required for use of a consultant. In many cases, issuance of an award by the sponsor constitutes approval of consultants listed and justified in the proposal. RA&F will advise you if additional approval is needed.

RA&F prepares and executes all consultant agreements related to sponsored programs. The consultant should not begin work before a consulting agreement has been signed by RA&F. All invoices for payment must be processed through RA&F.

### 6.8 Intellectual Property

Rensselaer's Intellectual Property Policy relates to technology developed by Rensselaer faculty, staff, and others participating in Rensselaer programs. The term “technology” is broadly defined and includes technical innovations, improvements, inventions, and discoveries, as well as writings, computer software, and other information in various forms.

The policy defines the ownership, distribution, and commercialization rights associated with such technology in the form of intellectual property, e.g., patents, copyrights, trademarks, and mask works, and also defines policies and procedures that govern use and distribution of the technology in its tangible form. The policy also sets forth a distribution formula for royalties received by Rensselaer from technology/intellectual property licenses.

Individuals covered by the policy are required to file an Invention Disclosure Form with the Institute’s Office of Technology Commercialization.

### 6.9 Interim Reports

If the sponsor requires submission of interim technical, financial, and invention reports, the type, form, and frequency of reports will be specified in the award.

Failure to submit required reports can jeopardize future funding to the PI or the Institute and can delay payment from the sponsor. Therefore, it is imperative that PIs submit required reports in a timely manner.

**Technical**

Technical reports and progress reports are the responsibility of the PI. RA&F sends the PI reminders when reports are due. Reports should be sent directly to the sponsor.

**Financial**

Financial reports will be prepared and submitted by RA&F. Any unusual information or detail required by the sponsor should be provided by the PI and the department or center.

**Invention**

If an interim invention report is required by the sponsor, RA&F will obtain the necessary information from the PI and prepare the report.
Part VII: Project Termination and Close-Out

7.1 Transfer of PI

Sponsored project awards are made to the Institute, not the individual PI. When a PI moves to another university during the course of an award, Rensselaer has the choice of nominating a substitute PI or transferring the award to the new institution.

In most cases Rensselaer supports transfer of the award and will cooperate fully in the transfer process so that the research may be continued with the least possible disruption. However, sometimes it may be advisable to subcontract, rather than transfer, the remaining work to the new institution.

The transfer process involves terminating the award at Rensselaer, followed by reapplication and awarding of a new grant or contract to the new institution. The sponsor should be consulted for the specific process to follow.

A transferring faculty member may wish to take equipment purchased under a grant or contract to the new laboratory, and, under certain circumstances, may be able to do so. In fact, many sponsors, NSF and NIH in particular, prefer that equipment be moved with an active project and expect the institution to cooperate fully in such a transfer.

PIs wanting to transfer equipment, when title belongs to Rensselaer, must discuss this issue with their dean, chair or director, and RA&F. This will be followed by a formal approval process.

7.2 Final Reports

The Institute is usually required to submit final reports to the sponsor when a project is completed. The types of reports and the level of detail required will depend upon the sponsor and the terms of the award.

RA&F lists all reports the PI is responsible for on the Project Director Information Sheet (pink sheet) and also sends reminder notices to the PI when these reports are due. Standard types of final reports and responsibility for them are as follows:

Technical

Technical reports are the responsibility of the PI. RA&F sends the PI technical report reminders starting 30 days prior to the date the final report is due. Sponsor forms and format must be used, if required.

Failure to submit required reports in a timely manner can affect final payment and future funding to the PI or the Institute. If you cannot meet a report due date or your report is not accepted by the sponsor, please contact RA&F so we can assist you in addressing the situation.

Financial

A copy of the monthly financial report is provided by RA&F. The PI and department must provide RA&F with any information that is not available on BANNER.
Invention

Invention reports are prepared and submitted to the sponsor by RA&F after verification by the PI and/or OTC of whether or not there were any inventions made under the project. RA&F will obtain the PI's signature if required on the invention form.

Property

Property reports are prepared and submitted to the sponsor by RA&F after verification of the final inventory list with the PI.

7.3 Project Audits

Most projects may be audited by the sponsor, if the sponsor chooses. The sponsor may disallow charges which are determined to be in violation of the award terms. The PI and department are normally responsible for covering disallowed costs.

Rensselaer complies with federally required institutional standards. Rensselaer's financial statements and internal control structures are audited by independent auditors to ensure compliance with laws and regulations as required in Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Audits of Institutions of Higher Education and Other Nonprofit Institutions.

7.4 Record Retention

Most sponsors require Rensselaer to retain all files and documents for three years after the termination of the award and completion of an audit, or for five years if an audit has not occurred. If the sponsor requires a different retention period, Rensselaer will comply.

The offices responsible for sponsored program administration retain purchase orders, invoices, personnel files, payroll records, and other official documents. It is not necessary for PIs or department offices to keep such documentation. PIs need only retain financial transaction documentation that might not be available to RA&F, such as handwritten records of telephone calls to sponsors or correspondence with the sponsor's technical staff. PIs are responsible for maintaining all technical reports and supporting documentation.

Last updated 1/31/05